TQF. 3



☑ Bachelor's Degree

□ Master's Degree

## **Course Specification**

Course Code: CPE1401

Course Title: Digital System Design

**Credits:** 3(2-2-5)

Programs: Bachelor of Engineering

Semester: 1 Academic Year: 2023

# Faculty of Industrial Technology Suan Sunandha Rajabhat University

## **Section 1 - General Information**

## 1. Course code and course title

Course code: CPE1401

Course title (English): Digital System Design

ชื่อวิชา (ภาษาไทย): การออกแบบระบบดิจิทัล

## 2. Credits

3(2-2-5)

## 3. Curriculum and course category

Curriculum: Bachelor of Engineering (Computer Engineering)

Course Category:

□ General Education □ Specialized Course

☑ Required Course □ Elective Course

Professional FoundationInternship

## 4. Teacher in charge and lecturer

Teacher in charge: Dr.Pongrapee Kaewsaiha Lecturer: Dr.Pongrapee Kaewsaiha

#### 5. Contact

Room Number: 4724A Email: pongrapee.ka@ssru.ac.th

## 6. Semester/Academic year

Semester: 1 Academic Year: 2023

Section: 002 Number of enrolled students: 40

## 7. Pre-requisite (if any)

None

## 8. Co-requisite (if any)

None

## 9. Time/Venue

Thu, 08:00-12:00, Room 4704, Faculty of Industrial Technology, SSRU

## 10. Last date for preparing and revising this course

## Section 2 - Aims and Objectives

## 1. Course aims

The course aims to provide students with a solid foundation in the fundamental concepts, principles, and techniques of digital system design. Students will gain a deep understanding of digital logic, combinational and sequential circuits, and their practical applications.

## 1. Course objectives

At the end of this course, students will be able to perform in the following areas of performance:

- 1) Describe the basic principles of digital signal and number systems.
- 2) Analyze and design digital systems.

## 2. Purposes for developing and revising course

## **Section 3 - Characteristics and Operations**

## 1. Course description

(English) Introduction to digital systems; Binary systems; Boolean algebra and simplification; Combinational circuit; Sequential components: latches, flip-flops, registers, and counters; Sequential circuits; Basic ALU (Arithmetic and Logic Unit) and Control unit; Hardware description language

(ไทย) แนะนำระบบดิจิทัล ระบบเลขฐานสอง พีชคณิตแบบบูลีนและการลดรูป วงจรคอมบิเนชัน องค์ประกอบ ของวงจรซีเควนเชียล แลทซ์ ฟลิปฟลอป รีจิสเตอร์ และเคาน์เตอร์ วงจรซีเควนเชียล หน่วยคณิตศาสตร์ และลอจิกขั้น พื้นฐาน และหน่วยควบคุม ภาษาบรรยายพฤติกรรมของฮาร์ดแวร์

## 2. Time length per semester (Lecture/Practice/Self-study hours)

Lecture	Practice	Self-Study	Remedial Class	
2 hours/week	2 hours/week	5 hours/week	As needed	

## 3. Individual consulting and guidance

#### Self-consulting at the lecturer's office:

Room Number 4724A, Faculty of Industrial Technology, SSRU

Mon., 13:00-15:00 or by appointment

## Consulting via office telephone/mobile phone:

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## Consulting via email:

pongrapee.ka@ssru.ac.th

## Consulting via social media platform:

Line OpenChat

## Consulting via a web forum:

## Section 4 - Developing Students' Learning Outcomes

Expected students' learning outcomes are categorized into five domains, developed from curriculum specification (TQF2), as follows:

### 1. Morals and ethics

#### 1.1 Learning outcomes to be developed

- 1) Have knowledge, understanding, and realizing value, morality, ethics, sacrifice, and honesty.
  Have academic and professional ethics.
- 2) Be disciplined, punctual, and responsible for oneself and society. Be able to comply with organizational and social regulations.
- 3) Be able to take leader and follower roles, work as a team, resolve conflicts and priorities.
- 4) Be open-minded and respect rights, value, and dignity of human beings.
- 5) Have a conscience that considers common interests rather than personal interests.

#### **1.2 Teaching strategies**

Establish an organizational culture to instill discipline in students. Emphasis on attending classes on time as well as dressing according to university regulations. Students responsible for group work must be trained to know the responsibilities of being a group leader and being a member of a group. Be honest by not committing fraud in exams or plagiarizing other people's homework. In addition, all instructors must include morality and ethics in teaching all subjects. Also, there are activities to promote morality and ethics, such as honoring students who have done well in benefit the public and sacrifice.

#### 1.3 Assessment & evaluation strategies

- 1) Evaluate from attentiveness and diligence in participating in class activities.
- 2) Assess students' punctuality in class, submission of work, and participation in activities.
- 3) Evaluate the responsibilities of assigned duties.

#### 2. Knowledge

#### 2.1 Learning outcomes to be developed

- 1) Have knowledge and understanding of important principles and theories in the course.
- 2) Have knowledge and understanding of other areas related to the course which can be integrated and applied appropriately.
- 3) Have knowledge of operational techniques using experiential learning methods.
- 4) Be able to continuously monitor academic and professional changes both in theory and in practice.

#### 2.2 Teaching strategies

Use a variety of teaching methods emphasizing theoretical principles and practical application in real-world environments to keep pace with technological changes. This shall be in accordance with the nature of the course as well as the content of that course.

#### 2.3 Assessment & evaluation strategies

- 1) Quiz
- 2) Assignment
- 3) Mid-term and final exams

### 3. Cognitive skills

#### 3.1 Learning outcomes to be developed

- 1) Be able to think critically and systematically.
- 2) Be able to search, interpret, process, and evaluate data to identify, analyze, and solve problems creatively.
- 3) Be able to follow up, evaluate, and report results accurately and completely.

#### 3.2 Teaching strategies

- 1) Teachers always teach and show rational thinking as an example.
- 2) Presentations and group discussions.
- 3) Provide students the opportunity to practice.

#### 3.3 Assessment & evaluation strategies

Assess according to the real situation from the work and practice of students, such as assessing from class presentations, testing using quiz, interviews, etc.

## 4. Interpersonal skills and responsibilities

#### 4.1 Learning outcomes to be developed

- 1) Be able to help and facilitate in solving problems in various situations in the group, either as a leader or a team member.
- 2) Have good human relations. Be able to work well with others and adapt well to situations and corporate culture.
- 3) Have responsibility for their own actions and for group work and learning development, both personally and professionally.
- 4) Be able to work and take responsibility for assigned tasks efficiently.

#### 4.2 Teaching strategies

Use instructions with activities that involve group work, work that requires coordination with others, across curriculum, across faculties, external parties, external agencies, or work that students need to research information from interviewing other people or experts.

#### 4.3 Assessment & evaluation strategies

Assess student behavior and expression in presenting group reports in class and observe the behavior shown in participating in various activities and the completeness and clarity of the information.

#### 5. Numerical analysis, communication, and information technology skills

#### 5.1 Learning outcomes to be developed

- 1) Be able to use quantitative analysis to make creative decisions in interpretation and suggest ways to solve problems or disputes.
- 2) Be able to communicate effectively both verbally and in writing. Know how to choose a presentation style that is suitable for different problems and audience groups.
- 3) Be able to choose appropriate information technology and communication techniques to collect data, interpretation, and information communication.

#### 5.2 Teaching strategies

Organize learning activities in various subjects for students to analyze simulated situations, numerical analysis skills, virtual situations, and propose appropriate solutions. Learn techniques for applying technology in a variety of situations.

#### 5.3 Assessment & evaluation strategies

Assess presentation techniques based on theory, selection of technological tools or related mathematics and statistics. Assess the ability to explain the limitations, reasons for choosing different tools, discussions, and case studies that are presented to the class.

**Remark:** The symbol • means "major responsibility."

The symbol ○ means "minor responsibility." No symbol means "no responsibility."

## Section 5 - Lesson Plan and Assessment

## 1. Lesson plan

Week	Content	Teaching Management	Program/Teaching Strategies	Material/Media	Assessment
1	Course introduction	On-site,	- Introduce course outlines.	- Presentation	- Attendance record
	Chapter 1: Introduction to	Online	- Introduce the course LMS (Moodle) and provide	- Hand-on activity	- Activity result
	digital systems		technical assistance as needed.	and/or quiz	
			- Discuss expected outcome and grading criteria.		
			- Explain the concepts of analog and digital		
			signals, including their different uses.		
			- Students complete activities.		
2-3	Chapter 2: Number systems	On-site,	- Explain binary, decimal, hexadecimal number	- Presentation	- Attendance record
		Online	systems and their different uses.	- Hand-on activity	- Activity result
			- Students complete activities.	and/or quiz	
4-7	Chapter 3: Boolean algebra	On-site,	- Introduce Boolean operators.	- Presentation	- Attendance record
	and logic circuits	Online	- Introduce logic gates, truth tables, and Boolean	- Hand-on activity	- Activity result
			expressions.	and/or quiz	
			- Introduce logic circuits and waveform analysis.		
			- Introduce combinational logic circuits.		
			- Learn Boolean simplification techniques.		
			- Students complete activities.		
8	Mid-term examination				

Week	Content	Teaching Management	Program/Teaching Strategies	Material/Media	Assessment
9-12	Chapter 4: Flip-flops and	On-site,	- Introduce flip-flops: SR, D, and JK.	- Presentation	- Attendance record
	sequential logic circuits	Online	- Discuss different types of circuits that can be	- Hand-on activity	- Activity result
			built using flip-flops, such as counters, shift	and/or quiz	
			registers, and finite state machines.		
			- Discuss the difference between synchronous and		
			asynchronous sequential circuits.		
			- Explain the concept of clock signals, clock		
			edges, and the importance of synchronization in		
			sequential circuits.		
			- Students complete activities.		
13-14	Chapter 5: Special topics in	On-site,	- Include additional topics in digital system	- Presentation	- Attendance record
	digital system design	Online,	design, such as LED, 7-segment display, and	- Hand-on activity	- Activity result
		On-demand	A/D conversion.	and/or quiz	
15	Chapter 6: CPU operations	On-site,	- Explain the role of the Arithmetic Logic Unit	- Presentation	- Attendance record
		Online,	(ALU) and Control Unit in the CPU.	- Hand-on activity	- Activity result
		On-demand	and - Explain the ALU's function in performing and/or quiz		
			arithmetic and logical operations: addition,		
			subtraction, multiplication, and division.		
			- Students complete activities.		
16	Chapter 7: Hardware	On-site,	- Provide an overview of what HDL is and its	- Presentation	- Attendance record
	description language	Online,	purpose in digital circuit design.	- Hand-on activity	- Activity result
		On-demand	nd - Explain the advantages of using HDLs over and/or quiz		
			traditional schematic-based design.		

Week	Content	Teaching Management	Program/Teaching Strategies	Material/Media	Assessment
			- Discuss popular HDLs, such as VHDL (VHSIC		
			Hardware Description Language) or Verilog.		
			- Students complete activities.		
17	Final examination				

## 2. Learning assessment plan

Learning Outcomes	Assessment Activities	Schedule (Week)	Proportion for Assessment (%)
1	Participation record	1-16	10
2, 3, 4, 5	Activities	1-16	40
	Examinations	8, 17	20, 30

## **Section 6 - Learning and Teaching Resources**

## 1. Required textbooks and materials

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## 2. Documents and important information

Documents suggested by the lecturer

## 3. Recommended resources for extra study

Information retrieved from search engines

## Section 7 - Course Evaluation and Revising

## 1. Strategies for evaluation of course effectiveness by students

Students will complete the evaluation form after the end of the course.

## 2. Strategies for course evaluation by the lecturer

The lecturer observes the class and collects immediate feedback from students.

## 3. Teaching revision

The lecturer revises the teaching and learning process based on the questionnaire results.

## 4. Feedback for achievement standards

The administration committees collect data and analyze students' academic performance each semester.

## 5. Methodology and planning for course review and improvement

Revise the curriculum, teaching methods, and learning methods by referring to the evaluation results from those involved. Meetings will be held to review the course's effectiveness and improve the curriculum.