

GEN 0104 Self - Development



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Basic Principles of Human Behavior

Part 3: Social Activities & Personality Development

https://youtu.be/8gJsI_MwHVA

Learning Objectives

1. Define the concepts of social activities and personality development. 2. Point out the factors that influence the development of personality. 3.Select social activities that influence the development of personality.

Social Activities



Sport participation



Volunteering

Social activities are considered appropriate on social occasion that are linked to better physical and mental health, and a longer lifespan.

Personality Development

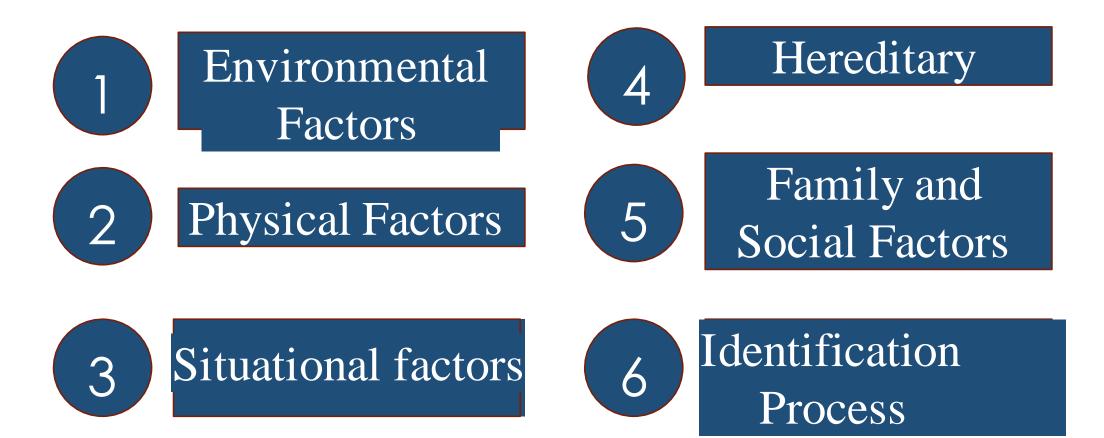


Personality development is the development of the organized pattern of the thoughts, feelings and behaviors that distinguish individuals from one another.

Nature and Nurture for Personality

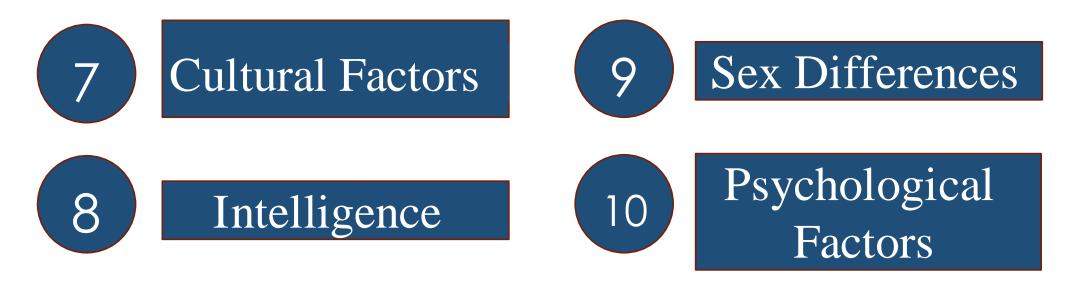
The word nature refers to all of the genes and heredity factors that influence to a person's personality. The word nurture refers to all the environmental variables that impact a person's personality involving his/her early childhood experiences, how the parents raised the child, social relationships, and surrounding culture.

Factors Affect Personality



Source: https://www.orbitoverseasedu.com/personality-development/

Factors Affect Personality (cont.)



Source: https://www.iedunote.com/personality

Environmental Factors



The environment includes home, school, or other places that people spend a lot of time affects their personality.

Situational Factors



Everything from happy times, successful work, or dislike language fit into the "situations" category of shaping one's personality.

Family and Social Factors



Family and social factors help a person be self- confident, self-esteem, proactive and emotionally stable.





Customs Religion Nationality

The essence of culture is the collective programming of the mind. It relates to a shared system of beliefs, attitudes, possessions, attributes, customs, values of religion, and nationality.

	Dimensions of Personality		
	Code	Dimension	
	I/E	Introversion or	
		Extraversion	
	S / N	Sensing or Intuition	
	T / F	Thinking or Feeling	
	J / P	Judging or Perceiving	
Isabel Briggs Myers and her mother, Katharine Briggs,			ζS,
developed four dimensions of personality in the 1960's			
based on Carl C. Jung Theory in the 1920's. Source: https://www.truity.com/page/16-personality-types-myers-briggs			

Introversion or Extraversion (I / E)





An introvert person tends to be more reserved and thoughtful. An extravert person tends to be more expressive and outspoken.

Sensing or Intuition (S / N)





they can directly feel.

Sensing personality tends to Intuition personality focuses on be interested in information a more abstract level of thinking often described as "creative".

Thinking or Feeling (T / F)



Thinking personality tends to be interested in finding the most logical, reasonable choice.



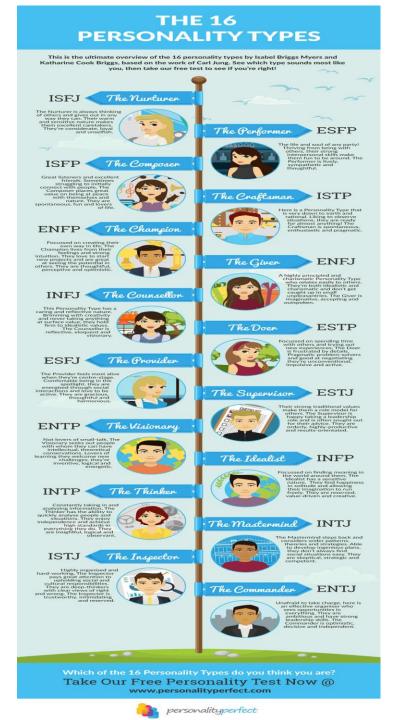
Feeling personality tends to make decisions with their hearts.

Judging or Perceiving (J / P)





Judging personality tends to be systematic planning, early starting, and schedule. Perceiving personality tends to leave things open so they can change their minds.



16 Personality Types

Here's are the eight Myers-Briggs J personality types:

- ESTJ: Extroverted, Sensing, Thinking, Judging
- ISTJ: Introverted, Sensing, Thinking, Judging
- ENTJ: Extroverted, Intuitive, Thinking, Judging
- INTJ: Introverted, Intuitive, Thinking, Judging
- ESFJ: Extroverted, Sensing, Feeling, Judging
- ISFJ: Introverted, Sensing, Feeling, Judging
- ENFJ: Extroverted, Intuitive, Feeling, Judging
- INFJ: Introverted, Intuitive, Feeling, Judging

16 Personality Types (Cont.)

Here are the eight Myers-Briggs P personality types:

- ESTP: Extroverted, Sensing, Thinking, Perceiving
- ISTP: Introverted, Sensing, Thinking, Perceiving
- ENTP: Extroverted, Intuitive, Thinking, Perceiving
- INTP: Introverted, Intuitive, Thinking, Perceiving
- ESFP: Extroverted, Sensing, Feeling, Perceiving
- ISFP: Introverted, Sensing, Feeling, Perceiving
- ENFP: Extroverted, Intuitive, Feeling, Perceiving
- INFP: Introverted, Intuitive, Feeling, Perceiving

Myers-Briggs J personality types: ESTJ

ESTJ: Extroverted, Sensing, Thinking, Judging

Common Personality Traits for the Supervisor

- Extremely loyal to the group
- Highly ethical, hardworking, dedicated, and honest
- Responsible and would rather plan and strategize before acting
- Etc.

* *

The Supervisor

ESTJ

Myers-Briggs J personality types: ISTJ

ISTJ: Introverted, Sensing, Thinking, Judging

- Common Personality Traits for the inspectorExcellent planning skills and highly intellectual
- Calm and clear-headed during tense situation
- Love to memorize details and facts
- Etc. The Inspector

ISTJ

Myers-Briggs J personality types: ENTJ

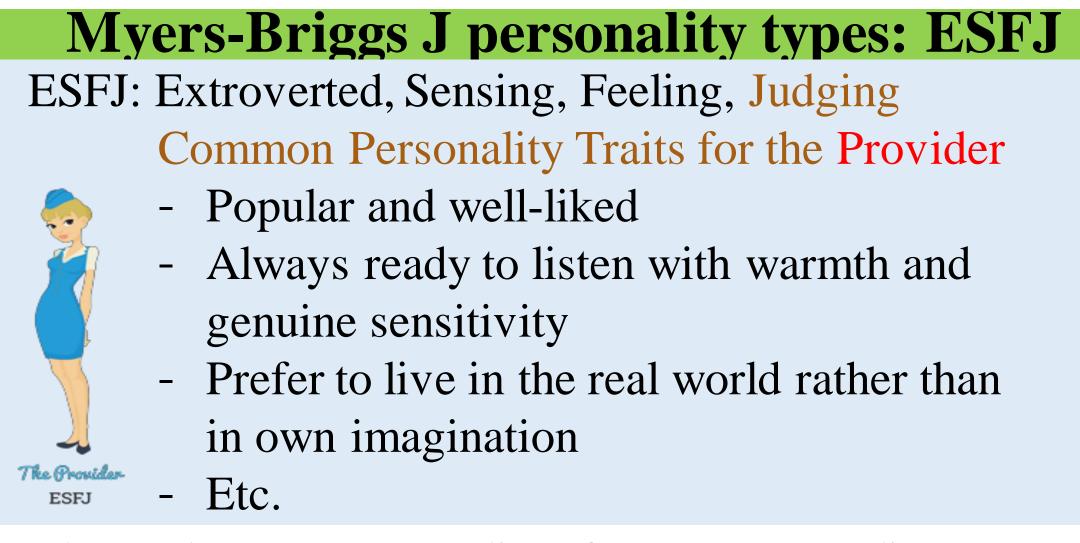
ENTJ: Extroverted, Intuitive, Thinking, Judging
Common Personality Traits for the Commander
Logical and thoughtful before taking action

- Well-developed communication skills
- Self-confident and sure of themselves and their abilities

- Etc.

ENTJ

Myers-Briggs J personality types: INTJ INTJ: Introverted, Intuitive, Thinking, Judging **Common Personality Traits for the Mastermind** - Supreme strategists who are logical, rational, and future-oriented - Strong insights and intuitions, can easily see the big picture - Reserved and detached from others, but values ke Madeemin close friendships INTJ - Etc.



Myers-Briggs J personality types: ISFJ ISFJ: Introverted, Sensing, Feeling, Judging Common Personality Traits for the NurturerKind and considerate, and highly aware of people's feeling - Stable, practical, and down-to-earth - Enjoys creating structure and values The Nurthern security ISFJ - Etc.

Myers-Briggs J personality types: ENFJ ENFJ: Extroverted, Intuitive, Feeling, Judging Common Personality Traits for the Giver

- Highly intuitive and reflective
- Warm, caring, generous, and people- focused
- Open-minded, and highly accepting of others
- Etc.

The Given ENFJ

Myers-Briggs J personality types: INFJ

- INFJ: Introverted, Intuitive, Feeling, Judging
- Common Personality Traits for the Counselor
 - -Warm, caring, and approachable
 - Tactful, helpful, sensitive, and cautious
- Are visionaries who always try to make sense of life

- Etc.

INFJ

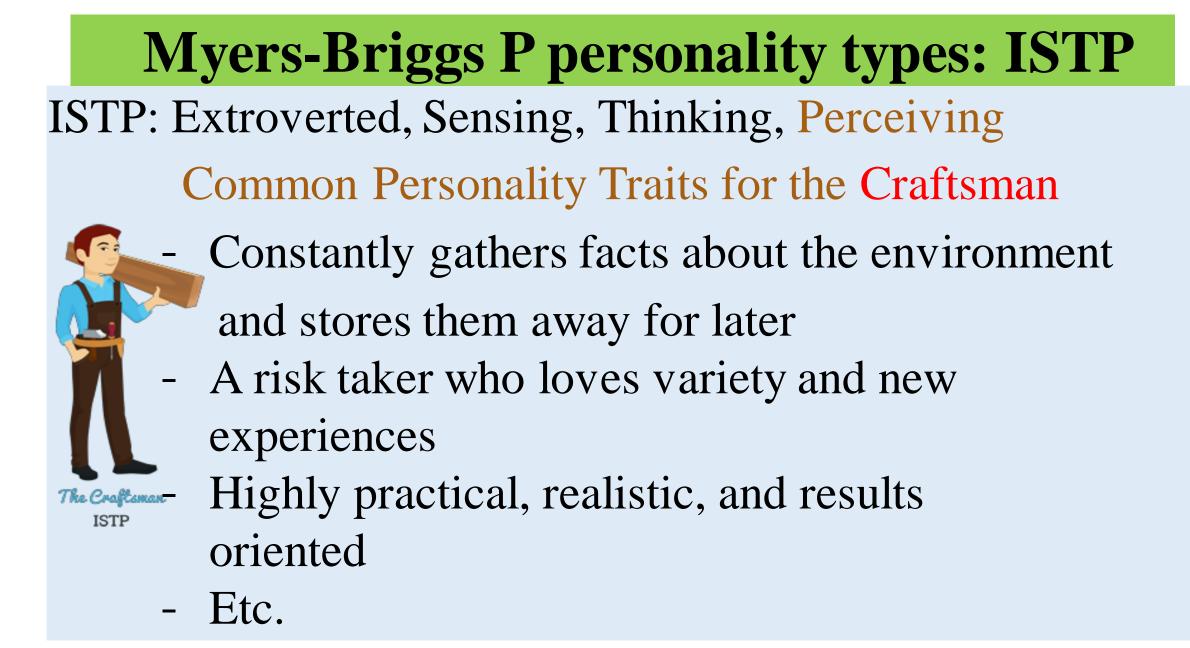
Myers-Briggs P personality types: ESTP

ESTP: Extroverted, Sensing, Thinking, Perceiving Common Personality Traits for the Doer

- Strong flair for drama and style
- Lives in the present moment and likes to see immediate results
- Loves to have fun and to be the center of attention

- Etc.

ESTP



Myers-Briggs P personality types: ENTP

ENTP: Extroverted, Intuitive, Thinking, Perceiving

- Common Personality Traits for the Visionary
- Likes to create ideas and theorize
- Doesn't like to be controlled

The Visionary ENTP Innovative and ingenious at problem- solvingEtc.

Myers-Briggs P personality types: INTP

INTP: Introverted, Intuitive, Thinking, Perceiving Common Personality Traits for the Thinker

- Highly intelligence and knowledge
- Loves new ideas and is excited about theories
- Usually very independent,
- unconventional, and original

- Etc.

INTP

Myers-Briggs P personality types: ESFP

- ESFP: Extroverted, Sensing, Feeling, Perceiving
 - Common Personality Traits for the Performer
 - Strong interpersonal skills and enjoys being the center of attention
 - Talent for entertaining those around them
 - Lives in the here-and-now and loves
 - excitement
 - Etc.

Perform

ESFP

Myers-Briggs P personality types: ISFP

ISFP: Introverted, Sensing, Feeling, Perceiving Common Personality Traits for the Composer



- Love adventure, craves thrilling activities, and is free-spirited
- Dislikes restrictions
- Love to try new experiences and get bored easily with routines

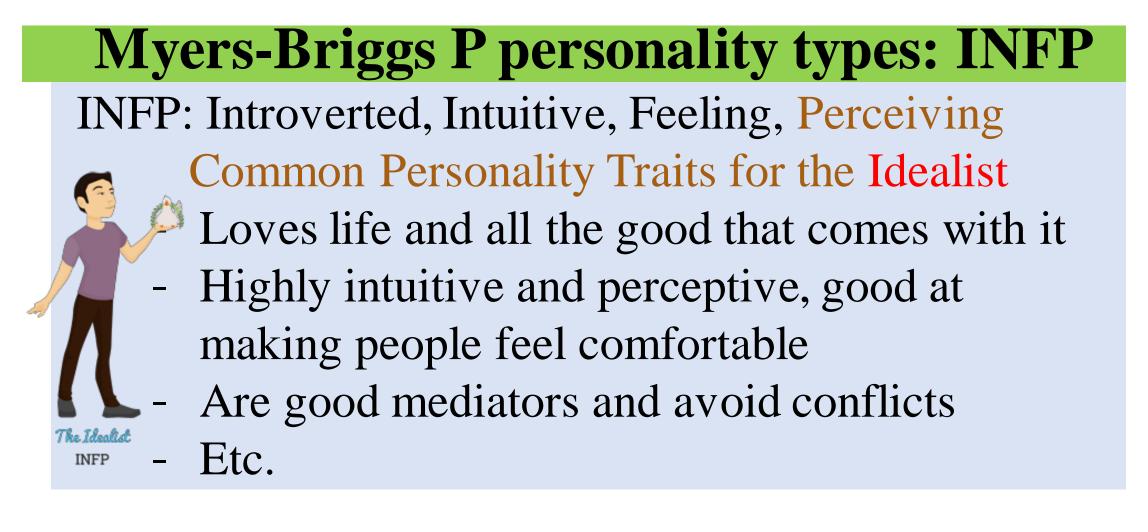
- Etc.

Myers-Briggs P personality types: ENFP

ENFP: Extroverted, Intuitive, Feeling, Perceiving Common Personality Traits for the Champion Enjoy being around people Usually able to grasp difficult concepts and theories with ease

The Champion ENFP

- Future oriented and focused on long term goals over short term goals
- Etc.



Summary

There are many factors involved in shaping a personality. These factors come from heredity and the environment. Physical growth, mental growth, and social activities can help for personality development. Myers and Briggs developed four dimensions: introversion/extraversion, sensing/intuition, thinking/feeling, and judging/perceiving. The combination of these dimensions creates 16 personality traits for testing self-personality development.

Activities

Plan for developing your behavior and personality according to the survey results from week 1 to week 3.